

HUMAN PLATELET F11 RECEPTOR

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present invention is directed to isolated
5 nucleic acid molecules encoding human platelet F11
receptors. Expression vectors and host cells comprising
the nucleic acid molecules are also provided, as well as
methods for increasing or decreasing the expression of
the human platelet F11 receptor in host cells. The
10 invention further provides a method of screening a
substance for the ability of the substance to modify
human platelet F11 receptor function, and a method for
isolating other human platelet F11 receptor molecules.
DNA oligomers capable of hybridizing to the nucleic acid
15 molecule encoding the human platelet F11 receptor are
provided, which can be used to detect human platelet F11
receptor in a sample.